## the Patuxent, Capt. David Lewis, from London and to be SOLD very reasonably, by the Sab-criber, at bie Start, at Pig Point, at Cash, Kills of Exchange, Tobacco, or Country Produce,

COMPLETE Affortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, suitable to different Seasons. RALPH FORSTEL

IUST IMPORTED.

S C H E M E .

MARYLAND LIBERTY LOTTERY

THE Lower House of Assembly of Maryland have confinded and Thirty-nine, RESOLVED, That his Lorip hath no Right to collect Twelve-pence per Hoghead on
hacco exported.

A Conflictational Tax on the People to support an Aproc
the Appointment of the Lower House, has been green
ised, frequently attempted, and as often refused by the
sper House.

The Lower House of Assembly contend, That the Cleat
the Council his reasonable Reward, sawell as every othe

The Lower House of Assembly contend, That the Cleat the Council his reasonable Reward, as well as every one pence necessarily attending the Execution of the Pewer Government, ought to be defrayed out of the Fire refeiters; Americaments, and either Monies received by the overnment for the Support thereof; and, "That Semi-ment being directly opposite to the Opinion the Upper House had, on mature Confideration, formed upon it Subject of the Clerk of the Council's Claim," principal casioned the Non-payment of the Public Debt for upward Council and the Council of Trade for Want of a Circuity Medium, and the extreme Necessity of Public Credition of the Lower House to agree to an Appeal to his simpelled the Lower House to agree to an Appeal to his he fly in Council, on the Subject Matter of Difference, wing the Allotment of any Public Money for that Puppes the only Means to settle Disputes, restore Public Creek and lay a sure Foundation soft the suture Ease and Goods

A Subscription therefore, by RESOLVE of the Level A Subscription therefore, by RESOLVE of the Level A Subscriptions are taken in law to the Appeal on the Part of the People, as well as obtaining the Appeal on the Part of the People, as well as obtaining the Lower House, as an additional Means of raising More or the same Purposes, the following SCHEME of OTTERY, by which to raise One Thousand Point Dommon Money, is submitted to the Public.

1 1	PRIZE of	.500	is	500
1	of	250	is	250
1	of	100	is	100
2	of	50	are	100
2	of	30	are	60
4	of	20	are	80
4	of	15	are	60
10	of	10	are	100
20	of	5	are	100
50	of-		are	200
80	of	3	are	240
73	of	2:10	are	182
2250	of	2	arc	4500
1	First drawn	Blank,		13
1	Last drawn	Blank,		13
	-	2	3-	
2500	Prizes.	_		5.6500
	Blanks.		and a	
-				

Tickets, at Thirty Shillings each, \( \{ \mathcal{L}.7500} \) amount to From which deduct 1009 5.6500

Two and an Half per Cent to be deducted 'from Two and an Half per Cent to be deducted from Prizes, to defray the Expences of the Lotiers.

The Drawing to be in the Court-Houle at the presence of the Managers, and as many of the Acturers as shall be pleased to attend.—From the bett mate that can be found, there are about 500 of the prickets still for Sale; and as Gentlemen have not fer their Account of Tickets unfold, the Prawing is put till the Monday after the Third Tuesday of October which is then certainly expected, even should there be a Tickets remaining to be taken on the Risk of the Low—Those Gentlemen who have generously affisted in -Those Gentlemen who have generously affisted in Sale of Tickets, are requested to send an Account of against that Time; and the Managers are defired that

The Managers are, William Murdock, Elq; Meh. Thomas Sprigg, William Paca, John Wiems, Thomas Geway, Senth River, Thomas Ringgeld, B. T. B. Worthin Henry Hall, John Hammond, Thomas Johnson, John Ed. Annapolis, and Samuel Chofe, or such of them as shall at act.

The sid Managers to sive Road to the Ham Sanio.

to act.

The faid Managers to give Bond to the Hon. Sprant guages, or any Parts of the Mathematics, at their and be upon Oath for the faithful Difcharge of their A Lift of the Prizes paid as foon as the Draffinified; and those not demanded in Six Months at Drawing, to be deemed as generously given to the about The Scheme to be made publick in the Maryla Virginia Gazettz, and Prayipleanie Journal.

You which will be added all the Operations in Surgery and the Mode of applying all the necessary.

" LIFE without LIBERTY is werfe than DEAT TICKETS may be had of any of the Managers, most of the Members of the Lower House of Assembly

e Printing-Office: Where and Advertisements of a modera nd long Ones in Proportion.

## [ No. 1144r] 25 MARTLAND GAZETTE.

HURSDAY, August 13, 1767.

[The following Proposals are inserted at the Request of the Trustees of Philadelphia College.]

College of Philadelphia, July 29, 1767 Ta Meeting of the Truftees, held the rath of last May, it being moved to the Board, that conferring the usual Degrees in Physic, on deserving Students, would contribute greatly to encourage the Medical School, lately instituted in this Seminary, promote Emulation among the Students, and tend to put the Practice of Physics as more respectable. Footing in America: the Moderns, and tend to put the Practice on a more respectable Footing in America; the Motion was unanimously agreed to, and the following Course of Studies and Qualifications, after mature Deliberation, was fixed on and enacted, as requisite to entitle physical Sudents to their differences. rent Degrees, diz.

For a BACHELOR'S DEGREE in PHYSIC.

I. It is required that fuch Students as have not taken a Degree in any College, thall, before Admillion to a Degree in Phylic, fatisfy the Truftees and Professor of the College, concerning their Knowledge in the Latin Tongue, and in such Banches of Mathematics, Natural and Experimental Philosophy, as shall be judged requisite to a medical Education. medical Education.

II. Each Student shall attend at least One Course of Lectures in Anatomy, Materia Medica, Chemistry, the Theory and Practice of Physic, and One Course of Clynical Lectures, and shall attend the Practice of the Pennsylvania Hapital for One Year; and may then be admitted to a public Examination for a Bachelor's Degree in Physic; provided that, on a previous private Examination by the Medical Trustees and Professors, and such other Trustees and Professors as chuse to attend, such Students shall be judged fit to undergo a public Examination, without attending any more Courses in the Medical School

the Medical School.

III. It is further required, that each Student, previous to the Bachelor's Degree, shall have served a sufficient Apprenticeship to some reputable Practitioner in Physic, and be able to make it apyear that he has a general Knowledge in Pharmacy.

QUALIFICATIONS for a DOCTOR'S DEGREE in Physic.

Physic.

It is required for this Degree that at leaft Three Years thall have intervened from the Time of taking tild Bachelor's Degree, and that the Candidate be full 24 Years of Age, and that he shall write, and defend a Thesis, publicly, in College, unless he should be beyond Seas, or so remote on the Continent of dimenta, as not to be able to attend without manifest Inconvenience; in which Case, on seading a written Thesis, such as shall be approved by the College, the Candidate may receive his Doctor's Degree, but his Thesis shall be printed and Doctor's Degree, but his Thefis thall be printed and published at his own Expence.

This Scheme of a Medical Education is proposed

to be on as extensive and liberal a Plan, as in the most respectable European Seminaries, and the utmost Provision is made for rendering a Degree a REAL Mark of Honour, the Reward only of diffinguished Learning and Abilities. As it is calculated to promote the Benefit of Mankind, by the Improvement of the beneficent Art of Healing, and to afford an Opportunity to Students of acquiring a regular medical Education in America, it is hoped it will meet with public Encouragement; more efpecially, as the central Situation of this City, the titablished Character of the medical Professors, Advantages of the College, and of the public Hof-pital, all compire to promife Success to the Design.

For the further Advantage of medical Students, a Courfe of Lectures will be given by the Professor of NATURAL and EXPERIMENTAL PHILOSOPHY, of NATURAL and EXPERIMENTAL PHILOSOFAI, each Winter, in the College, where there is an elegant and complete Apparatus provided for that Purpofe; and where medical Students may have an Opportunity of completing themselves in the Languages, or any Parts of the Mathematics, at their

RY, and the Mode of applying all the necessary

A Course of Lectures on the Theory and Practice of Medicine; which will be preceded by a general Explanation of the Theory of Chemistry, companied with some necessary Operations, to ender a Knowledge of this Science easy and fami-

A Course of CLYNICAL LECTURES to be deliared in the Pennssivania Hospital, wherein the Treatment of both ACUTE and CHRONIC DISEASES will be exemplified, in the Cases of a great Number of Patients.

Each Course of Lectures will be finished by the Beginning of May, in Time for those who intend to offer as Candidates for a Degree in Physic, to prepare themselves for the Examination before the

Commencement of the enfuing Year.
Such Gentlemen as incline to attend the above Couries, are defired to apply fome Days before the Lectures begin, to furnish themselves with the necessary Tickets of Admission.

F L O R E N C E, April 25.

A CCORDING to the last Letters from Rome, the Pope, on the Representation made to him by his Catholic Majesty's Minister, hath at length permitted that the Jesuits driven from Spain may come and fettle in the Ecclesiatical State. The Spanish Ships deback these Religious at the Port of nish Ships debark these Religious at the Port of Civita Vecchia.

Warfaw, May 2. When the Deputies of the Two Confederations of Diffidents had finished their Speeches, at the Audience granted by the King, on the 28th ult. the Count Zamoriski, Grand Chai cellor of the Crown, replied to those of the First Deputation, and Prince Czartoryski, Grand Chan-cellor of Lithuania, to those of the Second. This Reply was concise, importing, that his Majesty could not resolve any Thing relative to the Objects in Question, without the States being affembled; that he would take Care to propose them at th

that he would take Care to propose them at the approaching Dyet, and that, on his Part, he would do every Thing in the Affair he possibly could.

Copenhagen, May 1. Yesterday their Majesties received the Sacrament, and this Day they were crowned by the Bishop of Seelande, in the Chapel of the Castle. This Solemnity was performed with great Pomp and Decorum, and the Nobility who attended it were numerous. We hear that the King made choice of the following Motto, Gloria ex Amore Patrix. My Glory is in the Love of my ex Amore Patria, My Glory is in the Love of my Country.

Copenbagen, May 11. In the Night of the 4th Infant, a Brewery in this City was burnt down; and on the 7th a fecond Fire destroyed the King's Brewery, and the Magazine of Wood belonging to the Queen Dowager Julia-Maria. The Damage done by

these Two Accidents is valued at a Ton of Gold.

Berlin, May 12. The King hath honoured the Princess of Prussia with a Visit, to congratulate her on her happy Delivery, and made her a Present of a Breakfaiting-Service made of Gold.

From the HAERLEM COURANT.

Pavir, May 14. His Catholic Majefty is faid to have intimated to the Pope his Procedure against the Jesuits, only by the following laconick Letter:

"Holy Father: All my Tribunals having judged that the Fathers Jesuits are of no Good to my Kingdoms, I could do no less than conform to their Representations.

Ringdoms, I could do no lefs than conform to their Reprefentations. Of this, as a Son of the Holy Church, I acquaint its Supreme Head. I recommend your Holiness to the Divine keeping."

Francfort, May 15. There were Three Shocks of an Earthquake at Rothenbourg, in the Country of Hesse, on the 12th of April at Night. All the Windows of the Castle were broke, and most of the Chinness through down. The Ladenswith Family. Chimneys thrown down. The Landgrave's Family were in the Garden, under Tents, for Three Days.

L O N D O N, May 21. A Letter from Paris, dated May 10, fays, "It is no longer a Secret, that the King has been informed by his Catholic Majesty of his Reasons for taking the late Steps against the Jesuits. The Marquis d'Ossun, our Minister at the Court of Spain, has written a Letter, which has been read before the King's Council, and confirms the Report of his Catholic Majesty's having escaped Assassination, by retiring from Madrid, on Account of the Disturbances, Three Days before the hellish Project was to have taken Place."

It is said, as soon as the Reviews are over, the Hereditary Prince of Brunswick will, for the Remainder of the Summer, visit most of the capital Towns in England, Sea Ports, &c.

Some very disagreeable Advices are said to have been received from the Fast India.

been received from the East-Indies.

A Petition, of a very extraordinary Nature, is faid to have been received from one of our Colonies. According to Letters from Leghorn, the Coalts of Sardinia are at prefent much infested by the Algerine Corfairs, which had occasioned an Order of the Court of Turin, for some armed Vessels to be still the court of Court fitted out at Cagliari, to cruize against these Bar-

Some Letters from the above Place say, that all the Ports in the Isle of Sardinia are ordered to be shut against the Jesuits.

An Account is faid to have been received this

An Account is faid to have been received this Week of the Pregnancy of her Danith Majesty.

The Senate of Venice have been informed by their Consul at Algier, that he has concluded a Truce with the Dey for 4 Mouths, in order, if possible, to conclude a formal Peace before the Expiration of that Term; but the Conditions which the Dey requires are so disadvantageous to the Republic, that there is no Likelihood of their being accepted. He demands, it, that the like Presents he cepted. He demands, 1st, that the like Presents be tent to him, as were given to his Predecessor when tent to him, as were given to his Predecessor when the Peace was concluded, and which consisted of the Sum of 50,000 Zequins, a Saddle laced with Gold, and enriched with Jewels, and a great Quan-tity of very rich Stuffs. 2dly, he demands, That initead of 10,000 Zequins, which the Republic had engaged to pay annually, they pay him for the fu-ture 12,000. 3dly, That they send him, without delay, all the Presents which he demanded of the Republic, at the Time of his Advancement to the delay, all the Presents which he demanded of the Republic, at the Time of his Advancement to the Dignity with which he is invested. And, 4thly and laitly, he makes the following very extraordinary Demand, viz. That his Corsairs may have the Liberty of cruizing in the Gulph of Venice, to pursue there, and attack the Ships of those Nations with whom he has no Treaty; and that if any of those Corsairs should happen to be taken, the Republic shall be obliged to repair the Loss in ready Money.

M. Mello, the Portuguese Minister here, has received a circumstantial Account of the Plot, laid by the Jesuita, to assassing the Most Catholic Manager of the Property of the Manager of the Land Recording in the Manager of the Manag jetty; which horrid Proceeding, joined with their other bad Behaviour of forging Bulls, &c. was, beyond all Doubt, the certain Cause of the late total and eternal Expulsion of those Fathers from

It is faid, that his Most Christian Majesty has, by his Ambasiador at Rome, demanded of his Holiness to islue a Bull, or Ordonnance, abolishing for ever the Society of Jesus, and the very Name of Jeiuits.

The Hague Gazette, brought by this Day's Mail, contains the following Article, dated Paris, May 11.
"The Day before Yesterday the Parliament, all the Chambers affembled, made an Arret, in confequence of the Opinion of the King's Council, which declares the Society of Jefuits an Enemy to Sovereigns, and to the public Tranquility of States. In consequence whereof, that Supreme Court orders those among them, who on the 6th of August 1761, were Members of the said Society, and who, by the Benefit of the Indulgence granted them by the Edict of November 1764, have remained in the Kingdom, to depart from hence at the Expiration of 15 Days, including that of the Publication of the prefent Arret, under Pain of Criminal Profecution, except those who have taken the Oath prescribed by this Tribunal. By the same Arret, all those who are thus to quit the States of the Kingdom, are forbidden to return hither under any Pretence whatever. Governors of Provinces, Bailists, and other Judges, are ordered not to suffer any Jesuits within their Districts. His Majesty's Subjects of every Rank and Condition, are forbidden to afford an Asylum to the Jesuits, or keep up the least Correspondence with them, or to receive from the Society Letters of Fraternity. Archbishops and Bishops, and all Heads or Communities, of Schools, and other Establishments, are enjoined not to emtaking the Benefit of the Indulgence granted them and other Establishments, are enjoined not to employ any of that Society for the Instruction of Youth. Moreover his Majesty will be implored to use his good Offices with the Pope and other Cathe ins good Onices with the rope and other Cartholic Princes, to engage them to abolish a Society so dangerous to Christianity and Sovereign Powers. Lastly, his Majesty will be equally implored to make the Tenor of this Arret a fundamental Law

They write from Petersburgh, that her Imperial Majesty had just affigned a large Tract of Land in North Ruffia, to fuch Polanders who chuse to seek an Asylum in her Dominions, where great Numbers had lately arrived, and were to enjoy an Exemption of Taxes for Ten Years.

May 26. We are informed that the rapid Increase

of Popery in this Kingdom, which has escaped the Notice of so many Administrations, is to be made the Subject of an Enquiry; a Proof that our Ministers are not inattentive to our Civil and Religious Liberties.

We hear that Orders are fent to the different Ports, for compleating, with all Expedition, the Men of War ordered for immediate Service:

We hear that great Encouragement will be given to the Culture of Wheat and Rye in this King-

One of the Morning-Papers say, we are informed that the Government hath agreed with a certain Company, to take 400,000 l. per danum for Three